Parameters of an Alternative Performance Incentive Mechanism

Electric Energy Efficiency Performance Incentive

Sector PI = min{ Payout Cap(j), [Actual Net Benefits* Design Payout Rate(g) * Payout Rate Adjustment(i)] }

	Planned Eligible Benefits		Planned Eligible	Planned	Design	Design	Design	Design Payout Rate Thresholds	Payout Rate Adjustments	Payout Cap	Service Quality Metric
			Costs	Eligible Net	Performance	Performanc	Payout Rate				
	(a) (b)		(c)	Benefits (4) (d)	Achievement (e)	e Payout (f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
	100% Electric Utility	50% Resource	As proposed +	=(a)+(b)-(c)	Net benefits at		=(f)/(e)	Achievement levels at which the	Factor to adjust Design	=1.25*(f)	Yes if (d) ≤ 0; No if (d) >0
	System Benefits— Chosen by PUC; values from EE Plan	Benefits— <mark>Chosen</mark> by PUC; values from EE Plan	planned Regulatory costs—Chosen by PUC; values from EE Plan		which design incentive pool is achieved— set by PUC			Payout Rate Adjustments in (i) will be applied—Set by PUC	Payout Rate for if final program achievement fall within the ranges in (h)— Set by PUC	Cap on sector payout regardless of achievement in sector—Set by PUC	See Service Quality Table—Set by PUC
Mkt. Res.	\$26,989,000	\$6,296,500	\$35,277,933	-\$1,992,433	\$2,000,000	\$500,000	25%	a. Achievement < 25% b. 25% ≤ Achievement < 50% c. 50% ≤ Achievement < 75% d. 75% ≤ Achievement	a. 0.0 b. Achievement/100 + 0.1 c. Achievement/100 + 0.25 d. 1.0	\$625,000	Yes
IES	\$5,368,000	\$3,146,000	\$16,887,433	-\$8,363,433	\$2,000,000	\$500,000	25%			\$625,000	Yes
C&I	\$147,524,000	-\$3,985,000	\$54,119,633	\$89,419,367	\$89,419,367	\$5,500,000	6.150793%	Spending > Planned Eligible Costs	See Boundary Rules	\$6,875,000	No

Electric Energy Efficiency Service Quality Adjustment

Sector SQA = Maximum Service Adjustment(e) * Service Achievement Scaling Factor(g)

	Planned Eligible Benefits		Planned Eligible Design Costs Service		Maximum Service Adjustment	Service Adjustment Thresholds	Service Achievement Scaling Factors	Achievement Cost Adjustment		
			Costs	Achievement	Aujustilielit		Scaling Factors			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		
	100% Electric	50% Resource	As proposed +	=(a)+(b)	Maximum	Adjusted Achievement levels at which the	Factor to scale program	Actual-cost-based adjustment factor applied to achievement. Result is if the		
	Utility System	Benefits—Chosen	planned Regulatory		downward	Service Adjustments in (e) will be applied;	achievement that fall	difference between achievement and cost variances are greater than 5%, the		
	Benefits—	by PUC; values	costs—Chosen by		adjustment to	adjustment is calculated in (h)—Set by	within the ranges in (f)—	Actual Achievement will be adjusted for use in—Set by PUC		
	Chosen by PUC;	from EE Plan	PUC; values from EE		earned	PUC PUC	Set by PUC			
	values from EE		Plan		incentive—Set by					
	Plan				PUC					
Mkt. Res.	\$26,989,000	\$6,296,500	\$35,277,933	\$33,282,500	\$1,251,250	Adjusted Ashionement (CFO)	a. 1	Performance Variance = Actual Benefits Spending Design Achievement - Planned Eligible Cost		
IES	\$5,368,000	\$3,146,000	\$16,887,433	\$8,514,000	\$715,000	 a. Adjusted Achievement < 65% b. 65% ≤ Adjusted Achievement < 95% c. 95% ≤ Adjusted Achievement 	b. (95-Adjusted Achievement)/30 c. 0	If the absolute value(Performance Variance) ≤ 0.05, Then Adjusted Achievement = Actual Achievement		
C&I	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			Else Adjusted Achievement = Actual Achievement * (1+ Performance Variance)		

Gas Energy Efficiency Performance Incentive

Sector PI = min{ Payout Cap(j), [Actual Net Benefits* Design Payout Rate(g) * Payout Rate Adjustment(i)] }

	Planned Eligible Benefits		Planned Eligible	Planned	Design	Design	Design	Design Payout Rate Thresholds	Payout Rate Adjustments	Payout Cap	Service Quality Metric
			Costs	Eligible Net	Performance	Performance	Payout Rate				
				Benefits (4)	Achievement	Payout					
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
	100% Electric Utility	50% Resource	As proposed +	=(a)+(b)-(c)	Net benefits	Set by PUC	=(f)/(e)	Achievement levels at which the	Factor to adjust Design	=1.25*(f)	Yes if (d) ≤ 0; No if (d) >0
	System Benefits—	Benefits—Chosen	planned Regulatory		at which			Payout Rate Adjustments in (i) will be	Payout Rate for if final	Cap on sector	See Service Quality
	Chosen by PUC; values	by PUC; values	costs—Chosen by		design			applied—Set by PUC	program achievement fall	payout regardless of	Table—Set by PUC
	from EE Plan	from EE Plan	PUC; values from EE		incentive pool				within the ranges in (h)—Set	achievement in	
			Plan		is achieved—				by PUC	sector—Set by PUC	
					set by PUC						
Mkt. Res.	\$14,112,500 + ~\$271,099	~\$909,892/2	\$14,712,467	~\$126,078	\$126,078	\$100,000	79.316%	a. Achievement < 25%	a. 0.0	\$125,000	No
IES	\$4,989,000 + ~82,306	~\$288,652/2	\$9,145,167	-\$3,907,856	\$2,000,000	\$500,000	25%	 b. 25% ≤ Achievement < 50% c. 50% ≤ Achievement < 75% d. 75% ≤ Achievement 	 b. Achievement/100 + 0.1 c. Achievement/100 + 0.25 d. 1.0 	\$625,000	Yes
C&I	\$17,649,900 + \$621,554	\$409,565/2	\$9,136,967	\$9,339,270	\$9,339,270	\$1,600,000	17.13196%	Spending > Planned Eligible Costs	See Boundary Rules	\$1,800,000	No

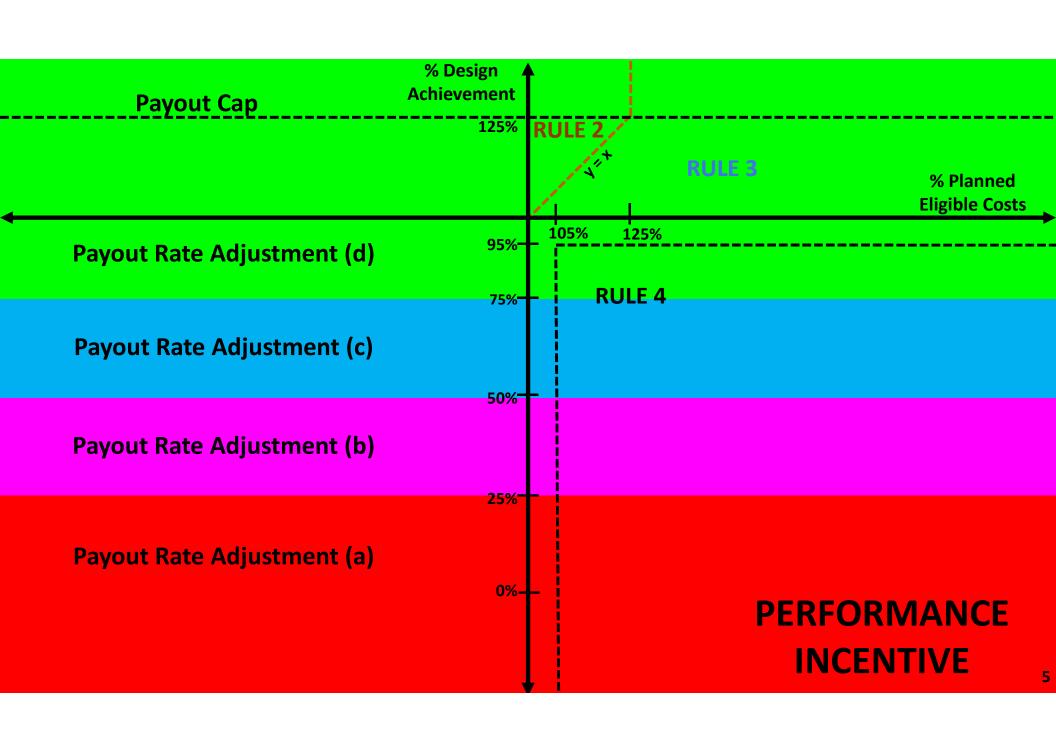
Gas Energy Efficiency Service Quality Adjustment

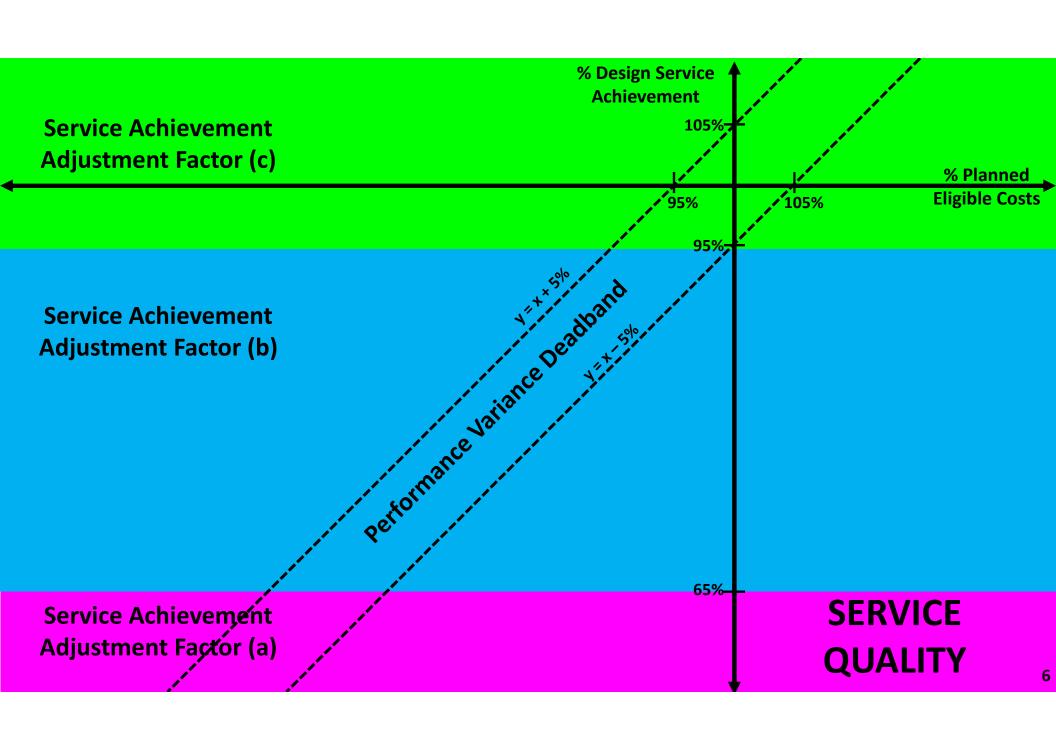
Sector SQA = Maximum Service Adjustment(e) * Service Achievement Scaling Factor(g)

	Planned Eligible Benefits		Planned Eligible Design Costs Service Achievemen		Maximum Service Adjustment	Service Adjustment Thresholds	Service Achievement Scaling Factors	Achievement Cost Adjustment
	(a) 100% Electric Utility System Benefits— Chosen by PUC; values from EE Plan	(b) 50% Resource Benefits— Chosen by PUC; values from EE Plan	(c) As proposed+ planned Regulatory costs— Chosen by PUC; values from EE Plan	(d) =(a)+(b)	downward	(f) Adjusted Achievement levels at which the Service Adjustments in (e) will be applied; adjustment is calculated in (h)—Set by PUC	(g) Factor to scale program achievement that fall within the ranges in (f)— Set by PUC	(h) Actual-cost-based adjustment factor applied to achievement. Result is if the difference between achievement and cost variances are greater than 5%, the Actual Achievement will be adjusted for use in—Set by PUC
Mkt. Res.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		h (OF Adimeted	Performance Variance = Actual Benefits - Spending Design Achievement - Planned Eligible Cost
IES	\$4,989,000 + ~82,306	~\$288,652/2	\$9,145,167	\$5,215,632	Lesser of \$276,250 and earned incentive	a. Adjusted Achievement < 65% b. 65% ≤ Adjusted Achievement < 95% c. 95% ≤ Adjusted Achievement		If the absolute value(Performance Variance) ≤ 0.05, • Then Adjusted Achievement = Actual Achievement
C&I	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			Else Adjusted Achievement = Actual Achievement * (1+ Performance Variance)

Electric and Gas Energy Efficiency Performance Incentive Performance Space Boundary Rules (Same as proposed by Cmr. AWA)

- RULE 1: When sector-level spending is equal to or less than Planned Eligible Costs (column c) do no further adjustments.
- RULE 2: When sector-level spending exceeds the Planned Eligible Costs (column c) and net benefits achieved exceed the sector Design Performance Achievement (column h) and the overachievement exceeds the overspending:
 - The outcome is above the theoretical planned performance line y=x in "Quadrant I"
 - For every 1% that the spending exceeds the Planned Eligible Costs the sector Design Performance Payout (column f) applied to incremental net benefits above 100% of Design Performance Achievement will decrease by an amount equal to the Design Performance Payout divided by 25.
- RULE 3: When sector-level spending exceeds Planned Eligible Costs and net benefits achieved in the sector are less than the sector Design Performance Achievement and the overspending exceeds the overachievement:
 - The outcome is below the theoretical planned performance line y=x in "Quadrant I"
 - National Grid is not eligible for an incentive on incremental net benefits that exceed 100% of Design Performance Achievement.
- RULE 4: When sector-level spending exceeds the Planned Eligible Costs by more than 5% and net benefits achieved in the sector are below 95% sector Design Performance Achievement
 - The outcome is below the theoretical planned performance line y=x in "Quadrant IV"
 - For every 1% that the spending exceeds the Planned eligible Costs the sector Design Performance Payout, will decrease by an amount equal to the Design Performance Payout divided by 25.





Electric and Gas Energy Efficiency Sector Performance Incentive Steps (for each Sector)

- 1. Calculate the Achievement by dividing Actual Net Benefits by the Design Performance Achievement (column e).
- 2. Compare the Achievement to the Design Payout Rate Thresholds (column h) to determine applicable Payout Rate Adjustment (column i).
- 3. Determine which Performance Space Boundary Rule applies by comparing actual spending to the Planned Eligible Costs (column c).
- 4. Calculate the Potential Performance Incentive according to the applicable Boundary Rule:

Potential Performance Payout = ...

RULE 1: ... Actual Net Benefits* Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment

RULE 2: ... Design Performance Payout + { (Actual Net Benefits - Design Performance Achievement) *

Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment *

[1-4* round down to nearest
$$0.01 \left(\frac{\text{Spending} - \text{Planned Eligible Cost}}{\text{Planned Eligible Cost}} \right)$$
]

RULE 3: ... Design Performance Payout

RULE 4: ... Actual Net Benefits* Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment *

[1 - 4 * round down to nearest 0.01(Spending - Planned Eligible Cost | Planned Eligible Cost

5. Determine the Sector Performance Incentive as the lesser of the Potential Performance Payout and the Payout Cap (column j)

Electric and Gas Energy Efficiency Service Quality Adjustment Steps (for Applicable Sectors)

- 1. Determine if the sector is subject to a Service Quality Adjustment (column h).
- 2. Determine if an incentive was earned in the sector—if so, Service Quality Adjustment is zero; if not, go to Step 3
- 3. Calculate the Achievement by dividing actual benefits by the Design Service Achievement (column d).
- 4. Calculate the Performance Variance:

5. Determine the Adjusted Achievement:

If $-0.05 \le Performance Variance \le 0.05$, then Adjusted Achievement = Achievement

Else, Adjusted Achievement = Achievement * (1 + Performance Variance)

- 6. Compare the Adjusted Achievement to the Service Adjustment Thresholds (column f) to determine applicable Service Achievement Scaling Factor (column g).
- 7. Calculate the Sector Service Quality Adjustment:

Sector Service Quality Adjustment = Maximum Service Adjustment * Service Achievement Scaling Factor

Electric and Gas Energy Efficiency Performance Incentive Steps (for each Utility)

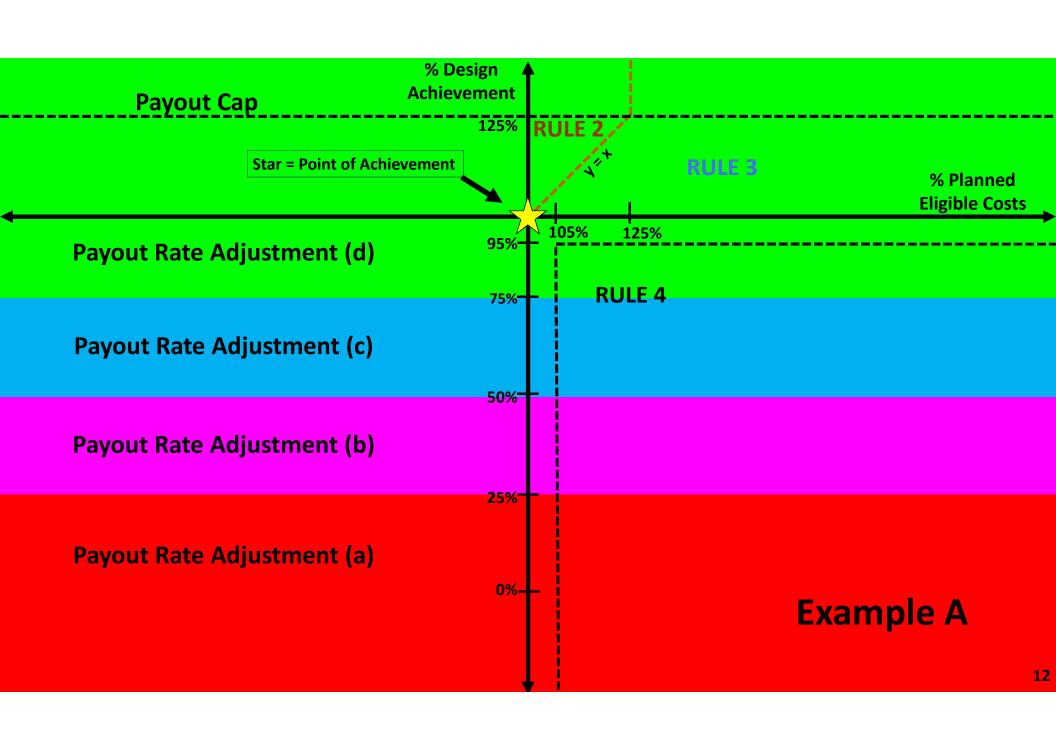
- 1. Calculate the Total Potential Performance Incentive as the sum of the Sector Performance Incentives for the utility service (positive outcomes only; negative outcomes are treated as zero).
- 2. Calculate the Total Service Quality Adjustment as the sum of the Sector Service Quality Adjustments for the utility service.
- 3. Calculate the Adjusted Total Performance Incentive by subtracting the Total Service Quality Adjustment from the Total Potential Performance Incentive.
- 4. Determine the Final Performance Incentive for the utility service as the greater of zero and the Adjusted Total Performance Incentive.

Examples

The Following Slides Are Intended to Provide Examples of How the PIM would Work

Example A:

National Grid Achieves Net Benefits and Spending at Design Levels



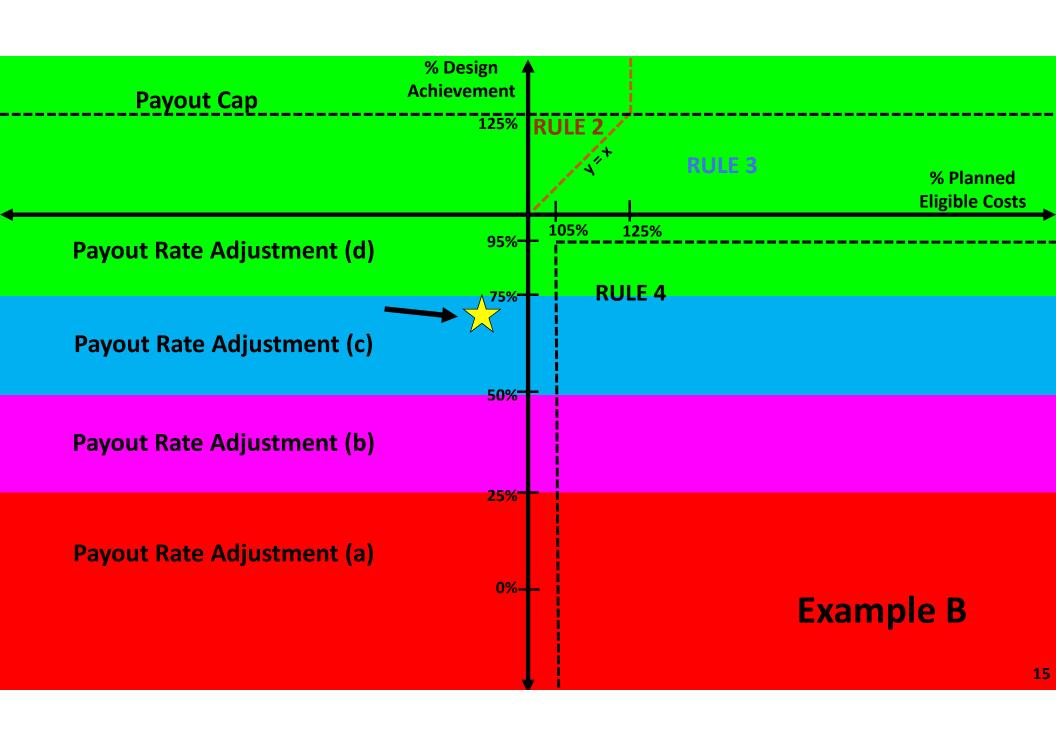
Example A – Design Achievement and Spending

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$89,419,367 and spending = \$54,119,633

- Step 1. Achievement = \$89,419,367/\$89,419,367 = 100%
- Step 2. Threshold band "d" applies because 75% ≤ Achievement, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 1
- Step 3. Spending ≤ Planned Eligible Cost, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 1 applies (no further adjustment)
- Step 4. Potential Performance Payout = Actual Net Benefits* Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment = \$89,419,367 * 0.06150793 * 1 = \$5,500,000
- Step 5. \$5,500,000 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$5,500,000

Example B:

Moderate Achievement



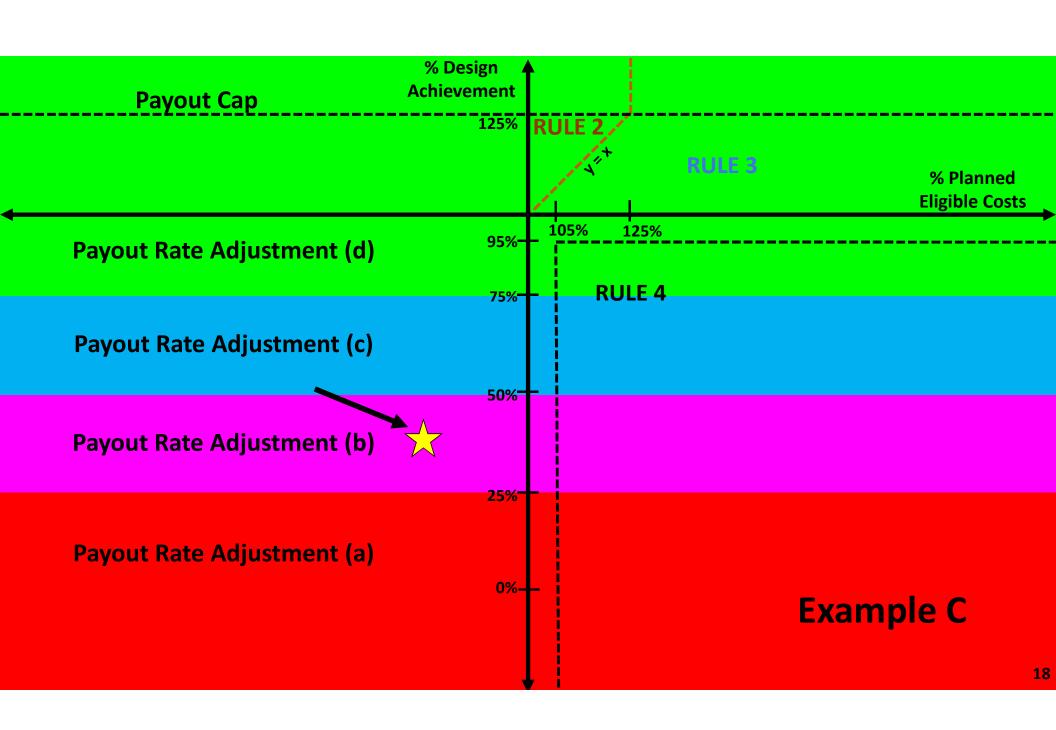
Example B – Moderate Achievement

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$65,000,000 and spending = \$50,000,000

- Step 1. Achievement = \$65,000,000/\$89,419,367 = 72.6912%
- Step 2. Threshold band "c" applies because 50% ≤ Achievement < 75%, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 0.726912+0.25 = 0.976912
- Step 3. Spending ≤ Planned Eligible Cost, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 1 applies (no further adjustment)
- Step 4. Potential Performance Payout = Actual Net Benefits * Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment = \$65,000,000 * 0.06150793 * 0.976912 = \$3,905,709
- Step 5. \$3,905,709 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$3,905,709

Example C:

Low Achievement



Example C – Low Achievement

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$35,000,000 and spending = \$40,000,000

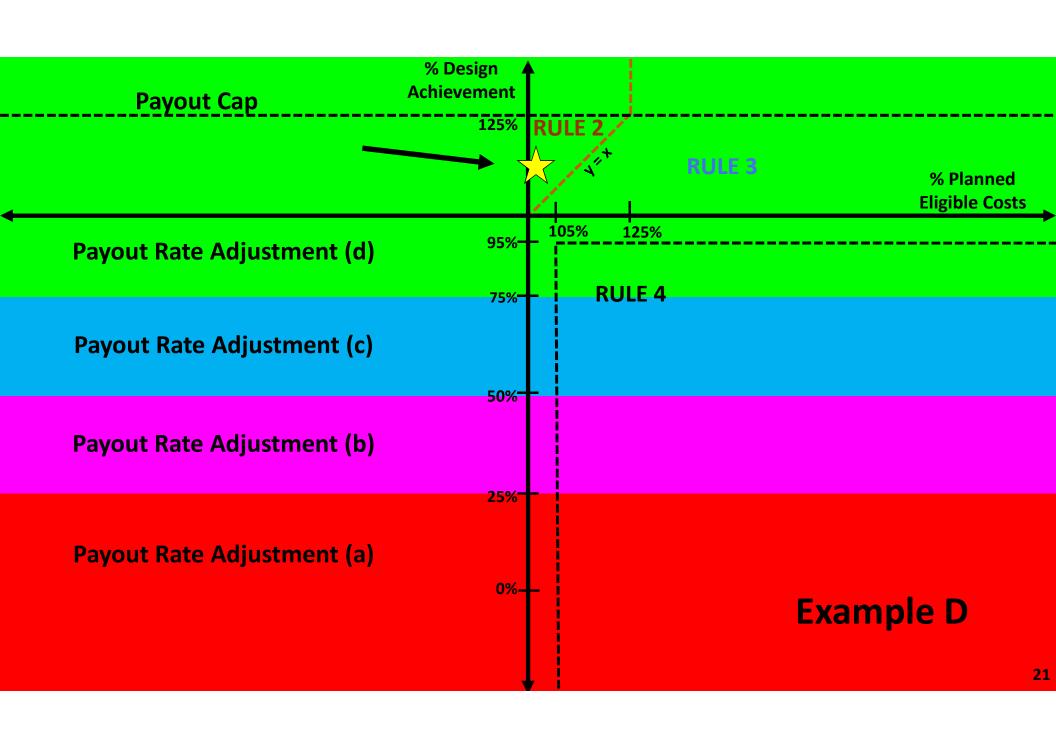
- Step 1. Achievement = \$35,000,000/\$89,419,367 = 39.1414%
- Step 2. Threshold band "b" applies because 25% ≤ Achievement < 50%, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 0.391414+0.1 = 0.491414
- Step 3. Spending ≤ Planned Eligible Cost, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 1 applies (no further adjustment)
- Step 4. Potential Performance Payout = Actual Net Benefits * Design Payout Rate * Payout Rate Adjustment

 = \$35,000,000 * 0.06150793 * 0.491414

 = \$1,057,905
- Step 5. \$1,057,905 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$1,057,905

Example D:

Rule 2
(Overachievement Exceeds Overspending)



Example D – Example of Rule 2 (Overachievement Exceeds Overspending)

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$100,000,000 and spending = \$55,000,000

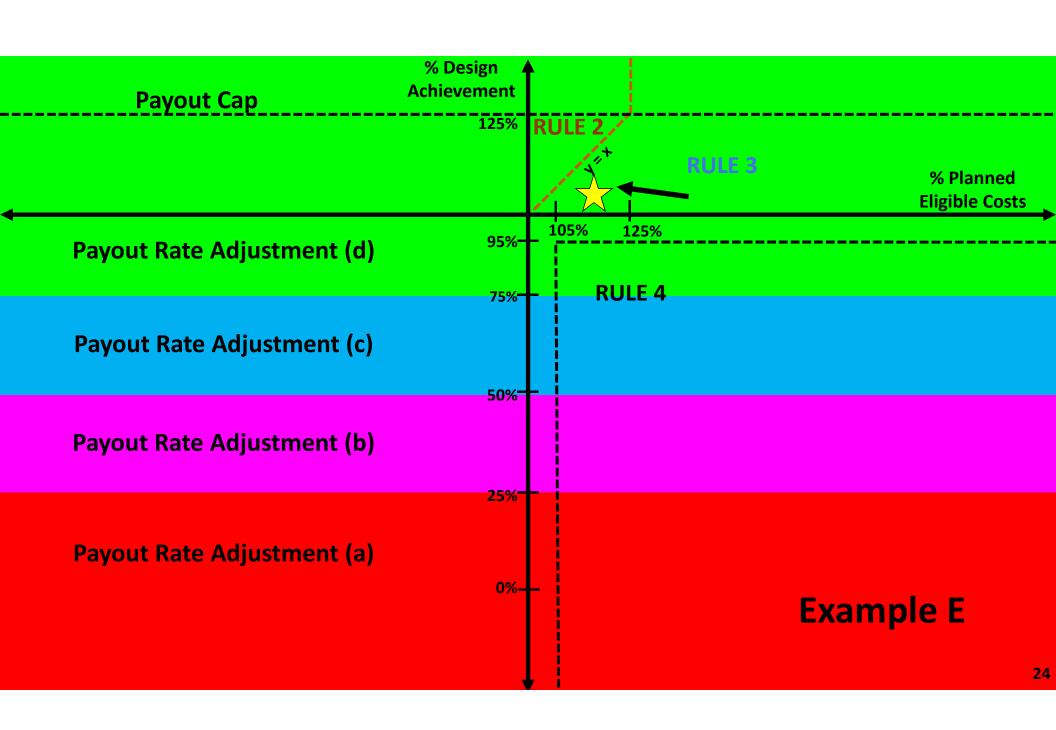
- Step 1. Achievement = \$100,000,000/\$89,419,367 = 111.8326%
- Step 2. Threshold band "d" applies because 75% ≤ Achievement, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 1
- Step 3. Spending > Planned Eligible Cost and $\frac{\$55,000,000}{\$54,119,633} < \frac{\$100,000,000}{\$89,419,367}$, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 2 applies (overachievement exceeded overspending)
- **Step 4.** Potential Performance Payout = Design Performance Payout +

Step 5. \$6,124,761 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$6,124,761

= \$6,124,761

Example E

Rule 3
(Overspend Exceeds Overachievement)



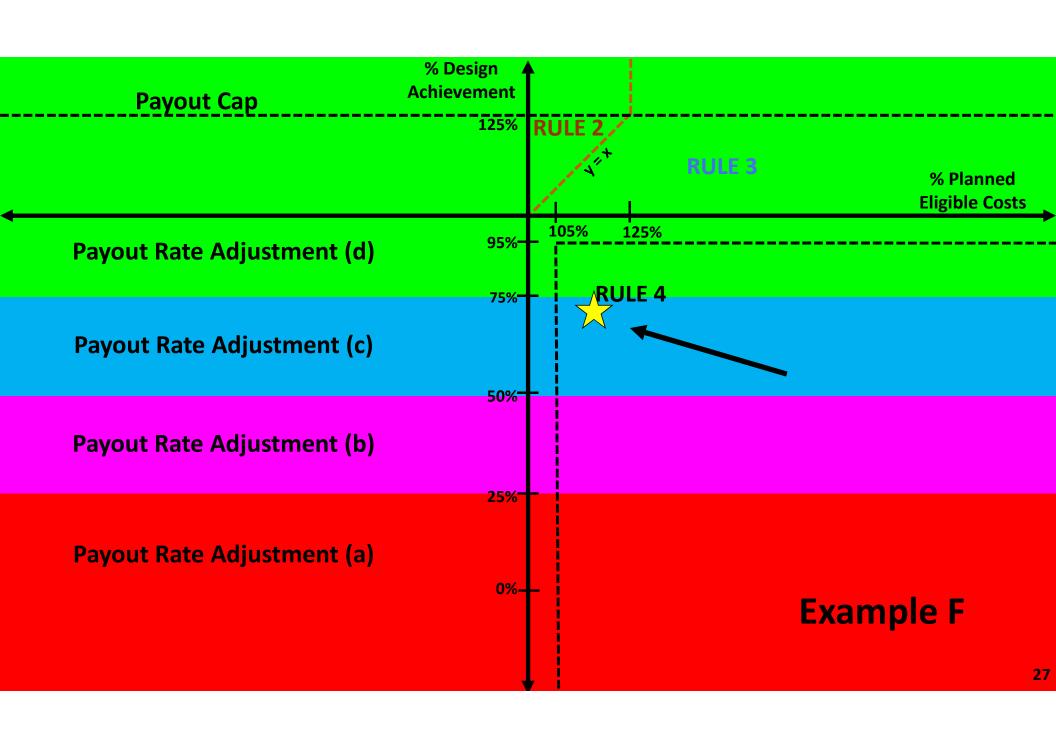
Example E – Rule 3 (Overspend Exceeds Overachievement)

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$95,000,000 and spending = \$60,000,000

- Step 1. Achievement = \$95,000,000/\$89,419,367 = 106.241%
- Step 2. Threshold band "d" applies because 75% ≤ Achievement, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 1
- Step 3. Spending > Planned Eligible Cost and $\frac{\$60,000,000}{\$54,119,633} > \frac{\$95,000,000}{\$89,419,367}$, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 3 applies (overspending exceeded overachievement)
- Step 4. Potential Performance Payout = Design Performance Payout = \$5,500,000
- Step 5. \$5,500,000 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$5,500,000

Example F

Rule 4 (Overspending and Underachievement)



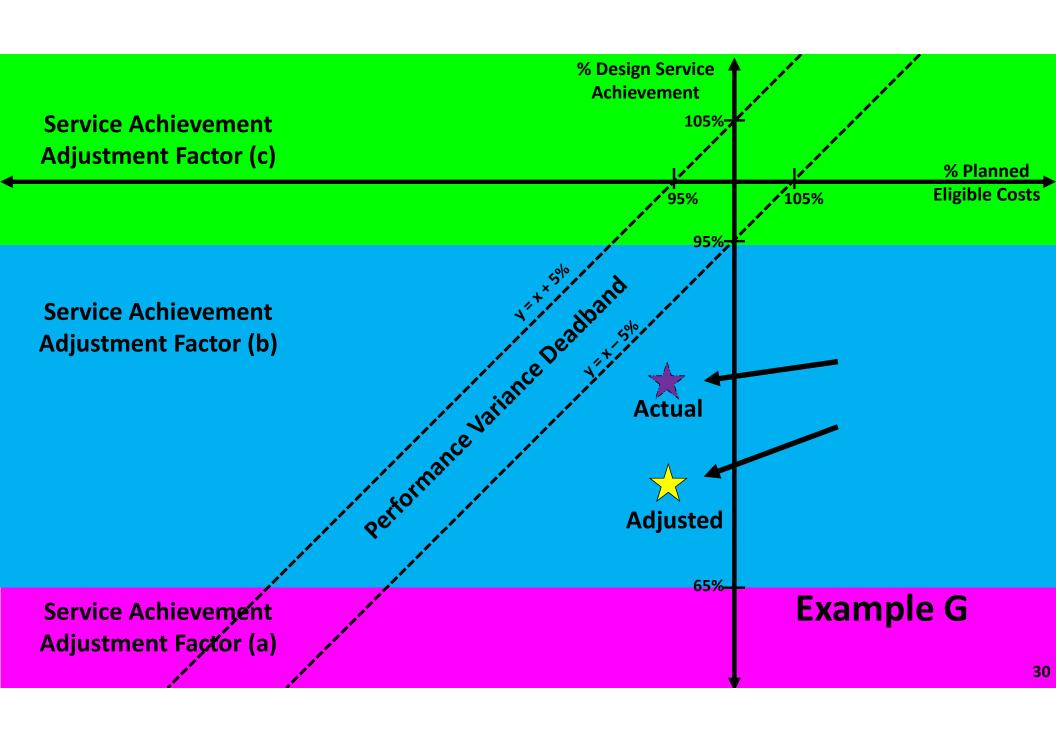
Example F – Rule 4 (Overspending and Underachievement)

Sector Performance Incentive for Electric C&I with net benefits = \$65,000,000 and spending = \$60,000,000

- Step 1. Achievement = \$65,000,000/\$89,419,367 = 72.6912%
- Step 2. Threshold band "c" applies because 50% ≤ Achievement < 75%, thus the Payout Rate Adjustment = 0.726912+0.25 = 0.976912
- Step 3. Spending exceeds Planned Eligible Cost by more than 5% (10.8655%) and Achievement is more than 5% below the Design Performance Achievement, thus Payout Rate Adjustment Boundary Rule 4 applies (overspending and underachievement)
- Step 5. \$2,343,471 is below the Payout Cap of \$6,875,000, thus the Performance Incentive for this sector is \$2,343,471

Example G

Example of Service Quality Adjustment with Relatively High Spending



Example G – Example of Service Quality Adjustment with Relatively High Spending

Sector Service Quality Adjustment for Electric IES with net benefits = \$0, benefits = \$7,000,000 and spending = \$16,000,000

- **Step 1.** Service Quality Adjustment applies
- Step 2. No incentive was earned, go to Step 3
- Step 3. Achievement = \$7,000,000/\$8,514,000 = 82.22175%

Step 4. Performance Variance =
$$\frac{\text{Actual Benefits}}{\text{Design Achievement}} - \frac{\text{Spending}}{\text{Planned Eligible Cost}}$$
$$= \frac{\$7,000,000}{\$8,514,0000} - \frac{\$16,000,000}{\$16,887,433}$$
$$= -0.125274$$

- Step 5. Performance Variance is larger than 5%, thus

 Adjusted Achievement = Achievement * (1 + Performance Variance)

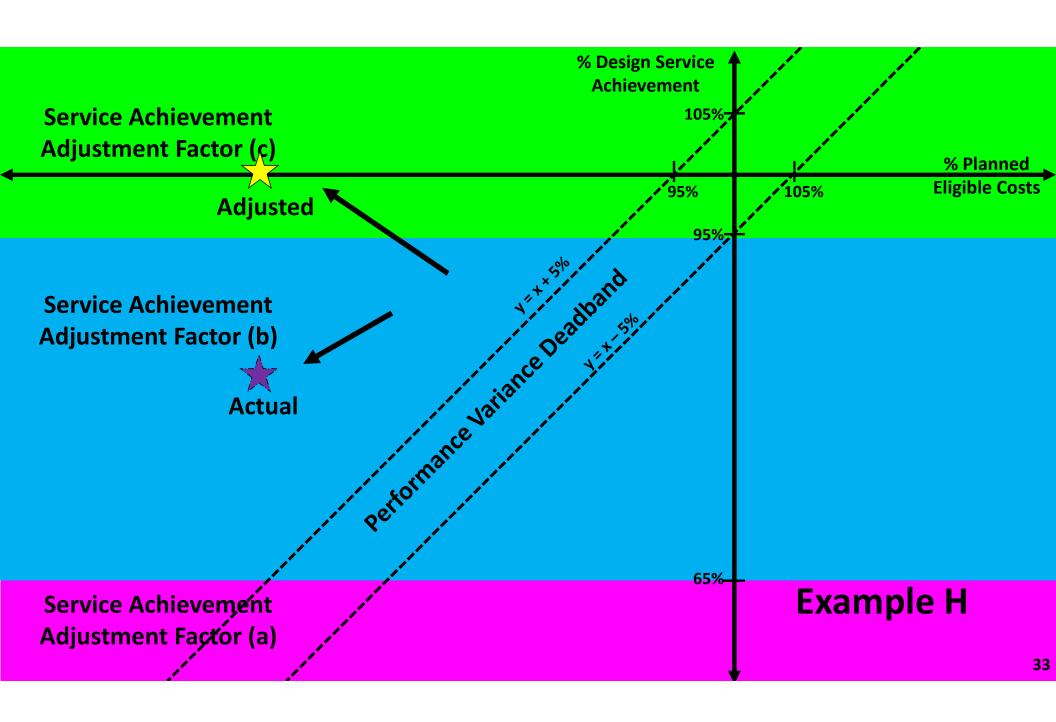
 Adjusted Achievement = 82.22175% * (1 + -0.125274) = 82.22175% * (0.874726)

 Adjusted Achievement = 71.92150%
- Step 6. Threshold band "b" applies because 65% ≤ Adjusted Achievement < 95%, thus the Service Achievement Scaling Factor = (95 71.92150)/30 = 0.7692833
- Step 7. Sector Service Quality Adjustment = Maximum Service Adjustment * Service Achievement Scaling Factor Sector Service Quality Adjustment = \$715,000 * .7692833

 Sector Service Quality Adjustment = \$550,038

Example H

Example of Service Quality Adjustment with Relatively Low Spending



Example H – Example of Service Quality Adjustment with Relatively Low Spending

Sector Service Quality Adjustment for Electric IES with net benefits = \$0, benefits = \$7,000,000 and spending = \$10,000,000

- **Step 1. Service Quality Adjustment applies**
- Step 2. No incentive was earned, go to Step 3
- Step 3. Achievement = \$7,000,000/\$8,514,000 = 82.22175%

Step 4. Performance Variance =
$$\frac{\text{Actual Benefits}}{\text{Design Achievement}} - \frac{\text{Spending}}{\text{Planned Eligible Cost}}$$
$$= \frac{\$7,000,000}{\$8,514,0000} - \frac{\$10,000,000}{\$16,887,433}$$
$$= 0.230019$$

- Step 5. Performance Variance is larger than 5%, thus

 Adjusted Achievement = Achievement * (1 + Performance Variance)

 Adjusted Achievement = 82.22175%*(1.230019) = 101.129%
- Step 6. Threshold band "c" applies because 95% ≤ Adjusted Achievement, thus the Service Achievement Scaling Factor = 0
- Step 7. Sector Service Quality Adjustment = Maximum Service Adjustment * Service Achievement Scaling Factor Sector Service Quality Adjustment = \$715,000 * 0

 Sector Service Quality Adjustment = \$0